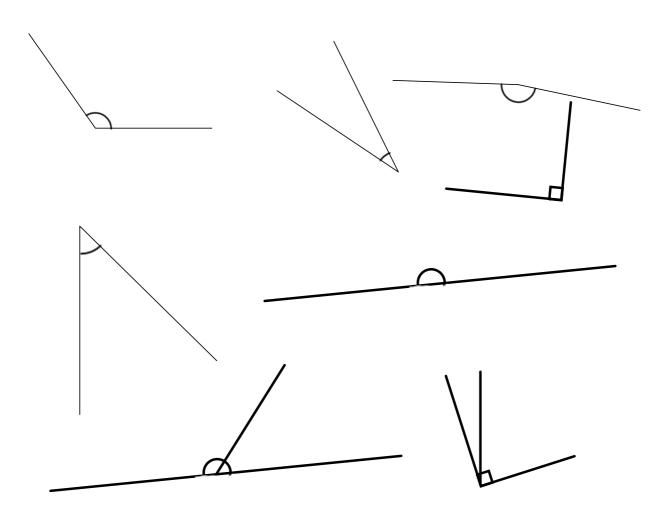
Angles & Triangles

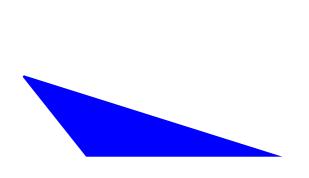
Angle Review Name these angles.



Triangle Review

- 1) There are six different classifications for triangles.
 - 1)
- 2)
- 3)

- 4)
- 5)
- 6)
- 2) The three angles of a triangle total what degree?
- 3) Name these triangles two different ways.



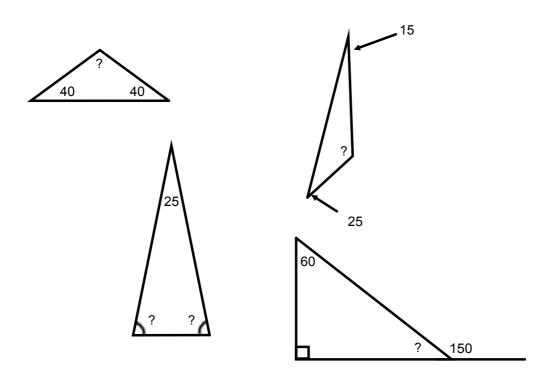






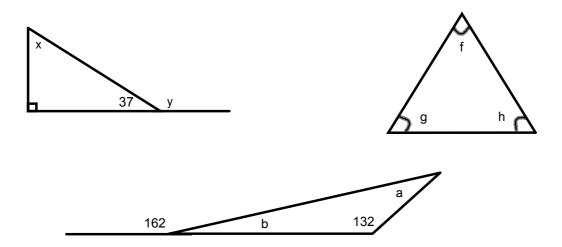
Angle Sums

The angles of a triangle total 180 degrees! Lets find the missing angles!

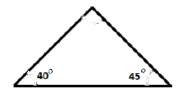


Angle Sums

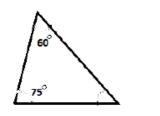
Using your white board find the missing angles!



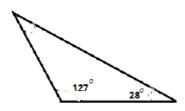
NI			



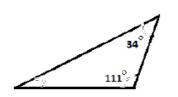
Missing Angle = _____



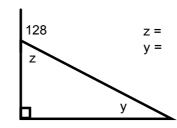
Missing Angle = _____

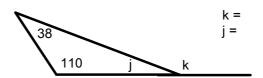


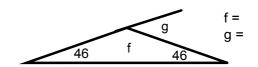
Missing Angle = _____



Missing Angle = _____





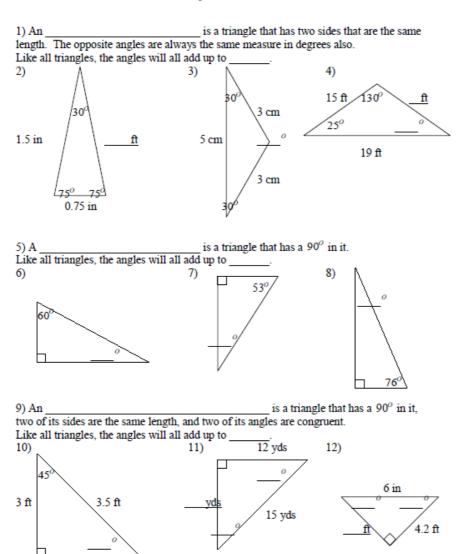


Bonus! (hint: use algebra)



X= _______ ∠A= _______ ∠B= _______

Triangle Review



ft

Get out your construction paper triangles from yesterday.

Using the torn pieces see what you can discover!

How can triangles be similar? congruent?

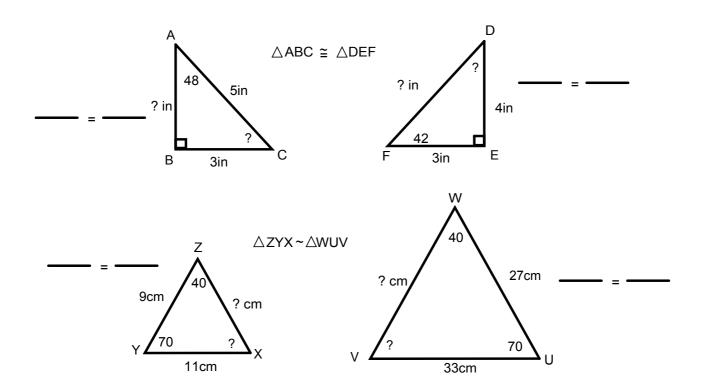
Similar & Congruent Triangles

What is the sign for congruent?

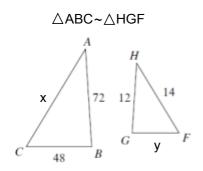
What do we know about congruent triangles?

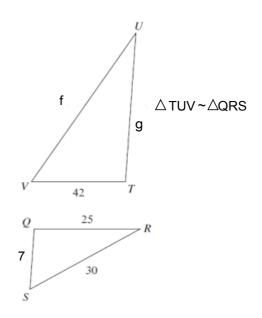
What is the sign for similar?

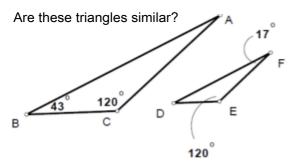
What do we know about similar trianlges?

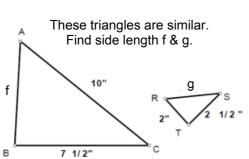


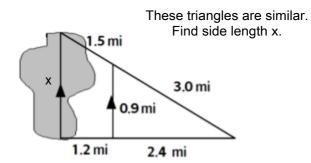
Similar & Congruent Triangles
Using your white board find the missing angles!

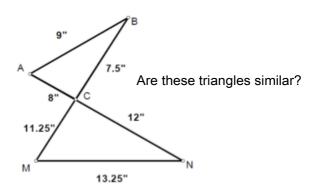


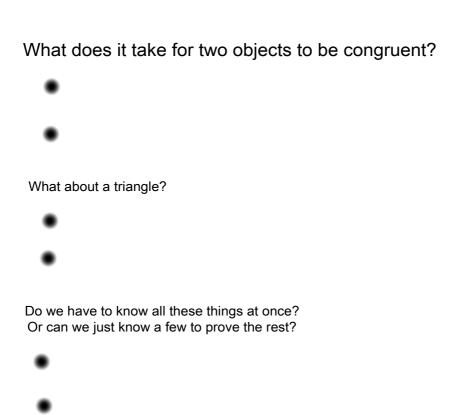


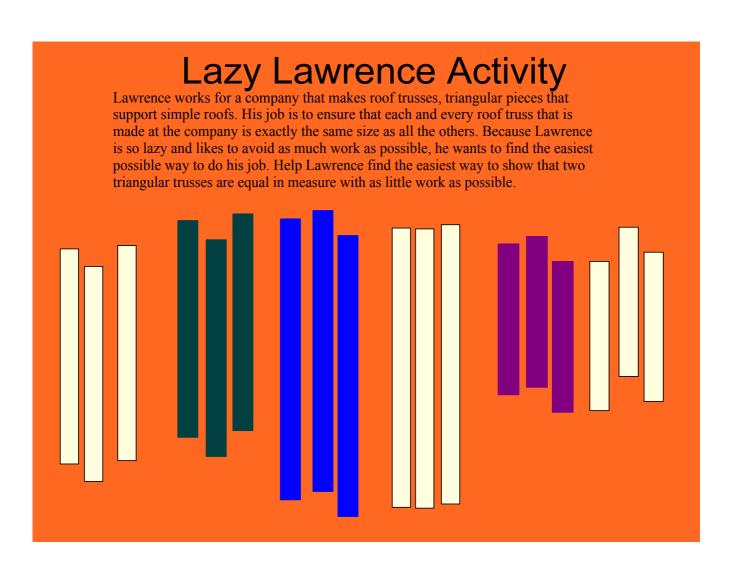


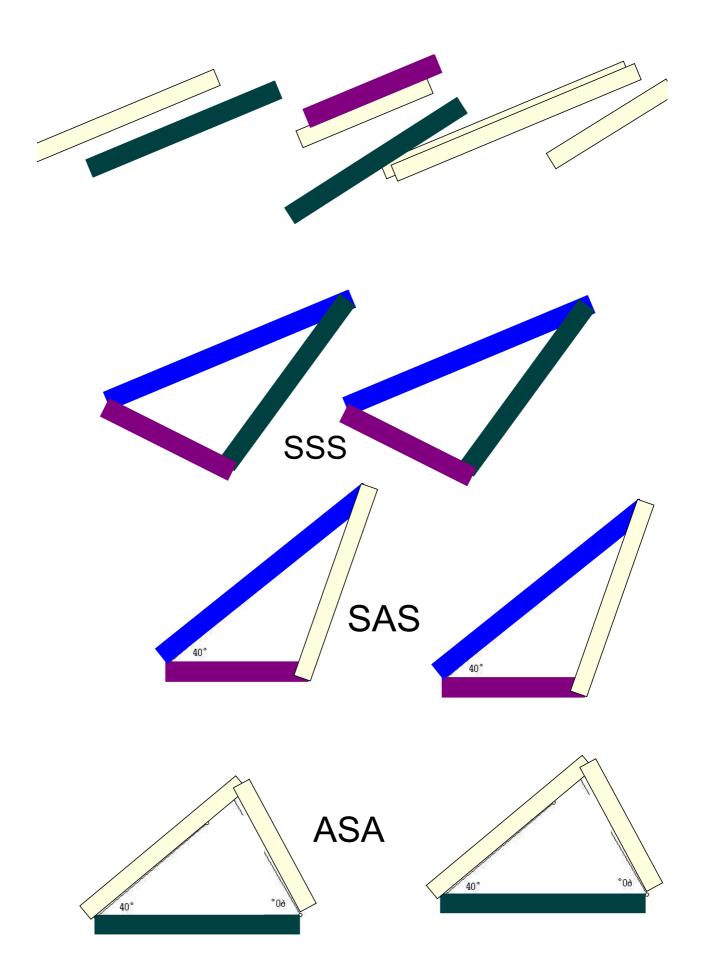


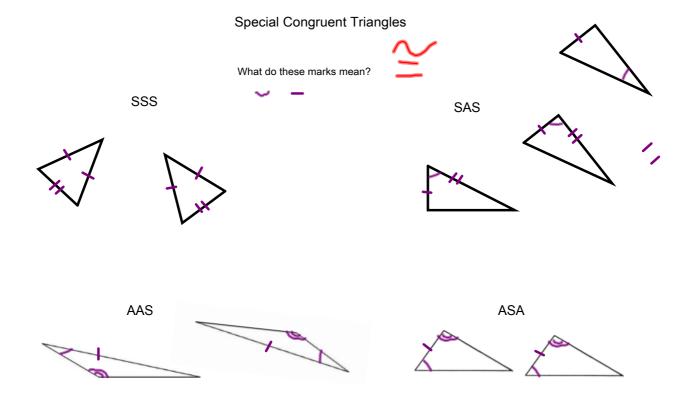






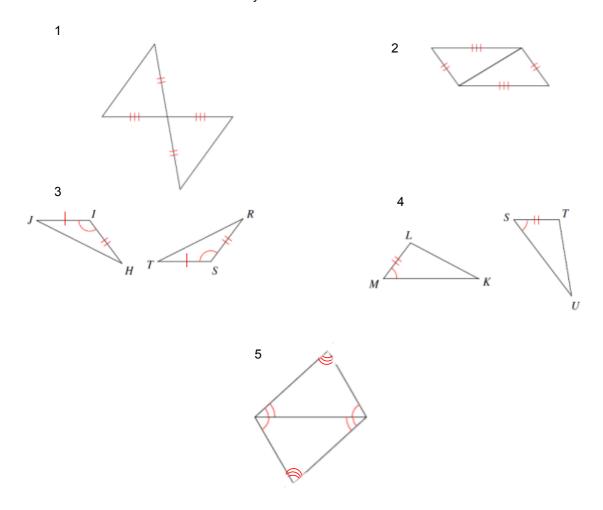






Special Congruent Triangles

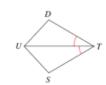
Are these triangles congruent? If so by which statement. Use your white boards to answer.



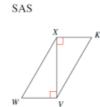
Special Congruent Triangles

Use your white boards to answer. What else is needed?

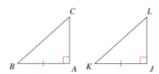
1 _{ASA}



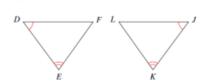
2



3 _{SAS}



4 AAS

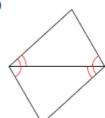


State if the two triangles are congruent. If so by which special congruency theorem. If not what could you do to the triangle to prove it using a special congruency theorem.

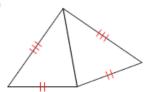
1)



2)



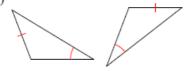
3)



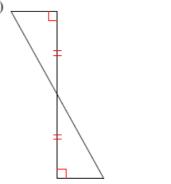
4)



5



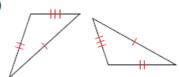
6



1



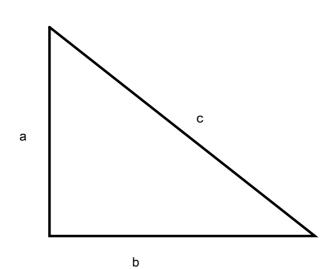
8)

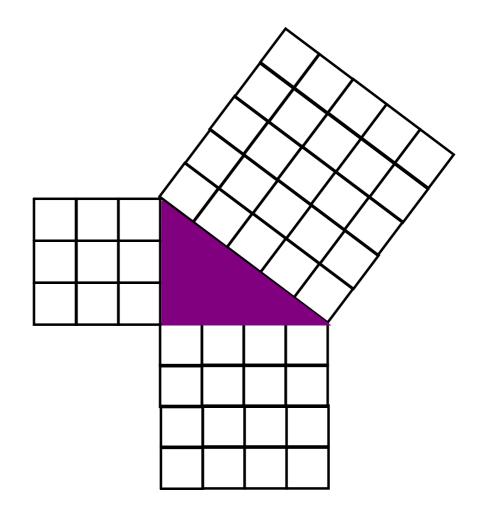


Pythagorean Theorem

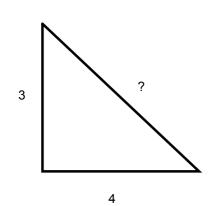
You can find a missing side length of a right triangle using the following formula.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$





Examples



$$a^{2} + b^{2} = c^{2}$$

$$3^{2} + 4^{2} = c^{2}$$

$$9 + 16 = c^{2}$$

$$25 = c^{2}$$

$$\sqrt{25} = \sqrt{c^{2}}$$

$$5 = c$$

$$a^{2} + b^{2} = c^{2}$$

$$a^{2} + 12^{2} = 13^{2}$$

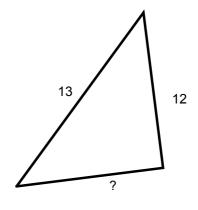
$$a^{2} + 144 = 169$$

$$-144 \quad -144$$

$$a^{2} = 25$$

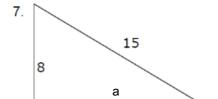
$$\sqrt{a^{2}} = \sqrt{25}$$

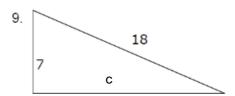
$$a = 5$$

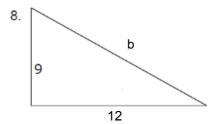


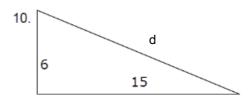
Pythagorean Theorem

Using your white boards find the missing side length.



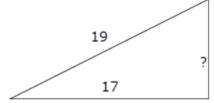


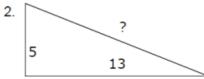




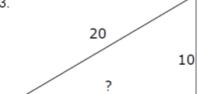
Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the missing unit

1.

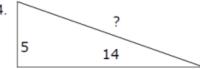




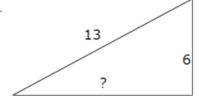
3.



4.



5.



6.

