1.How did the location, geography, and climate of Egypt affect the development of civilization there?

2.How were Egypt’s economic, social, and political levels structured?

3.What advances did the Egyptians make in technology, engineering, and literacy?

4.Who were key Egyptian pharaohs and what were their major accomplishments?

5.Where is Egypt located?

6.What are the advantages of the Nile River?

7.How does irrigation work?

8.How did agriculture affect Egyptian civilization?

9.What is the name of the written language of Egypt?

10.Where can we find much of the art from Egypt?

11.What are the inventions of the Egyptian civilization?

12.What are some examples of epic poems of Egypt?

13.Which Egyptian ruler would compare to Sargon, the ruler who united Mesopotamia?

14.What are some examples of the culture of Egypt?

15. The Greek historian Herodotus claimed that "Egypt is the gift of the River Nile." Would Egyptians today still agree with his words of appreciation? Why or why not? Analyze the ways that the Nile River contributes to their lives.

16. One product of the banks of the Nile was papyrus. This sturdy reed, which was made into a material that could be easily written on, advanced written communication. In ancient Egypt, though, only a small number of the elite could read and write. Discuss what life would be like today if only a few people could read and write?

17. Americans have depended on rivers for transportation, trade, and resources. What role have rivers played in the development of American cities and towns? Has a river been an important geographical feature in your area? In what way?

18. The land along the Nile River was the richest farmland in the ancient world. Farming in the area, however, took careful planning. Explain the steps that Egyptian farmers would take to farm the land. What dangers did they have to avoid? What signs would they look for?